

# dNTP Mix

Premix of 10 mM dATP, dCTP, dGTP and dTTP



	Cat. No.	Volume	Conc.
	DMIX10_100ML	100 ml	4 x 10 mM
	DMIX10_1000ML	1000 ml	4 x 10 mM

For *in vitro* use only

Quality guaranteed for 12 months

Store at -20°C, short term (up to one week) exposure to ambient temperature possible

**dATP**

2'-Deoxyadenosine 5'-triphosphate, sodium salt

Molecular formula: C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>12</sub>P<sub>3</sub> (Anion)

Molecular weight: 488.16 (Anion)

**dCTP**

2'-Deoxycytidine 5'-triphosphate, sodium salt

Molecular formula: C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>13</sub>P<sub>3</sub> (Anion)

Molecular weight: 464.13 (Anion)

**dGTP**

2'-Deoxyguanosine 5'-triphosphate, sodium salt

Molecular formula: C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>13</sub>P<sub>3</sub> (Anion)

Molecular weight: 504.16 (Anion)

**dTTP**

2'-Deoxythymidine 5'-triphosphate, sodium salt

Molecular formula: C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>14</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>14</sub>P<sub>3</sub> (Anion)

Molecular weight: 479.14 (Anion)

**Form**

clear aqueous solution

**pH**

8.5 ±0.2 (22 °C)

**Purity**

≥ 99 % (HPLC)

**Application for PCR**

For standard PCR applications a final concentration of 200 µM each dNTP is recommended.

**Description**

dNTP Mix is an equimolar mixture of ultrapure dATP, dCTP, dGTP, and dTTP supplied as clear aqueous solution (pH 8.5) and suitable for all molecular biology applications including PCR/qPCR, reverse transcription, DNA labeling and DNA sequencing

**Quality Control Specifications**

Low Copy Long Range PCR (18 kb, lambda DNA, template dilution series): PCR fragment with 50 pg of template or less

RT-PCR (749 bp fragment, human GAPDH gene, template dilution series): PCR fragment with 10 pg of template or less

Contamination with bacterial or human DNA: not detectable

DNases, RNases, Nicking Activity: not detectable

Proteases: not detectable

**Selected References**[1] Erlich *et al.* (1988) Primer-directed enzymatic amplification of DNA with a thermostable DNA polymerase. *Science* **29** (239):487.[2] Gelfand *et al.* (1991) Detection of specific polymerase chain reaction product by utilizing the 5'-3' exonuclease activity of *Thermus aquaticus* DNA polymerase. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* **88** (16):7276.[3] Sanger *et al.* (1977) DNA sequencing with chain-terminating inhibitors. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* **74**:5463.